

## T1-3 - More HTML/CSS Exercises (FreeCodeCamp) Part 3 of 3

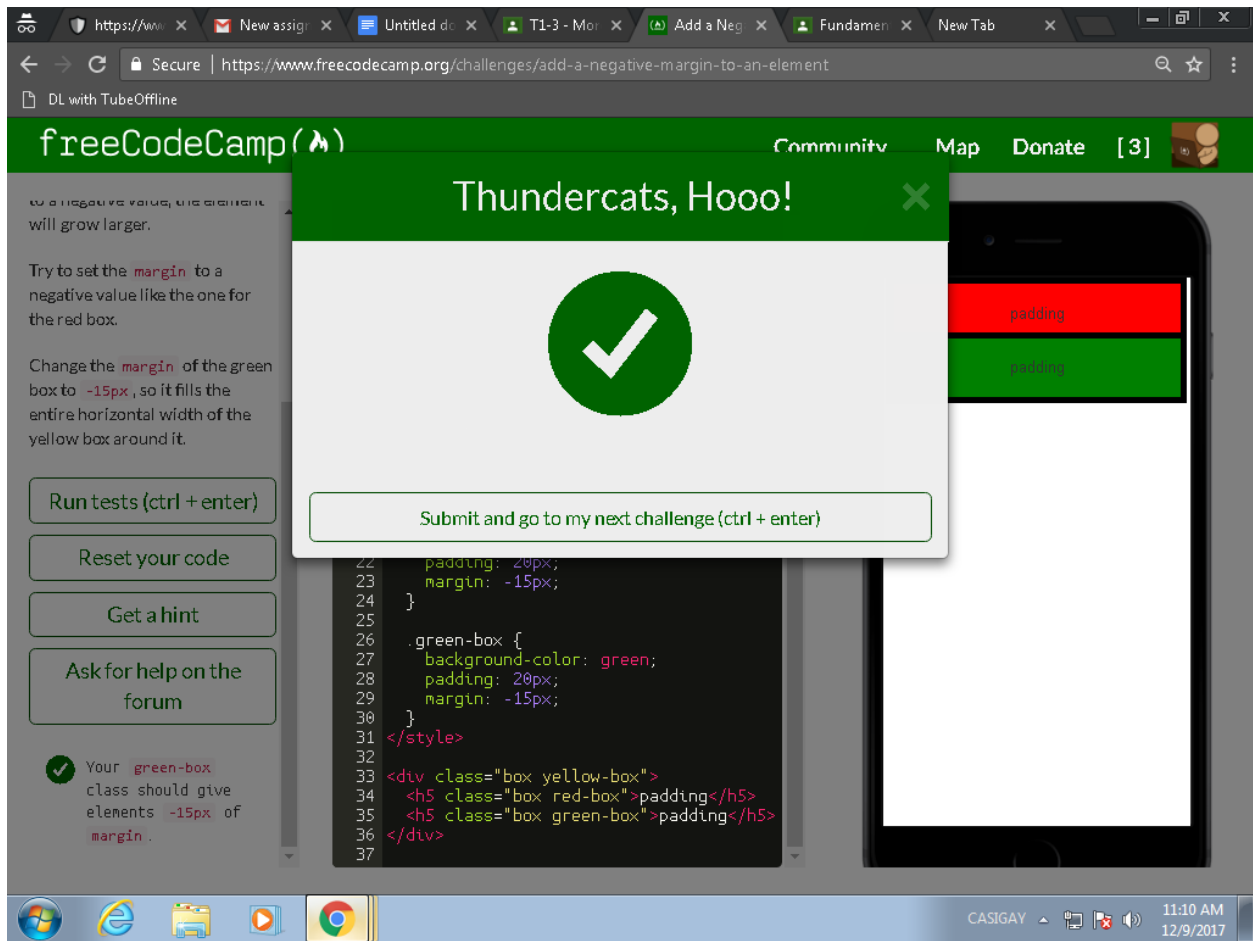
### 1. Adjust the Margin of an Element

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `https://www.freecodecamp.org/challenges/adjust-the-margin-of-an-element`. The page features a green header with the FreeCodeCamp logo and navigation links. A modal window with a green checkmark and the text "Yes we can!" is overlaid on the page. Below the modal, there is a code editor with the following code:

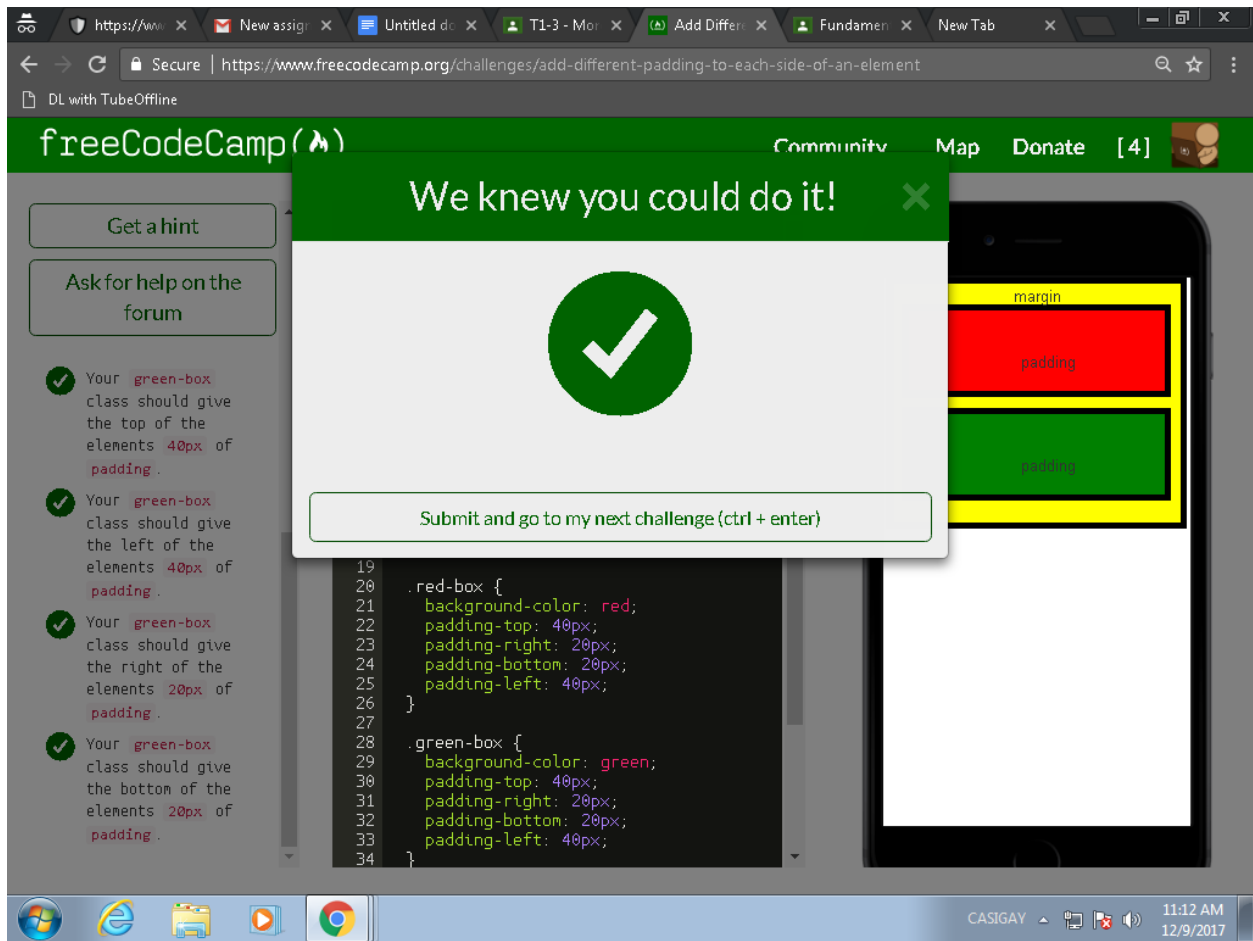
```
29   margin: 20px;  
30 }  
31 </style>  
32 <h5 class="injected-text">margin</h5>  
33  
34 <div class="box yellow-box">  
35   <h5 class="box red-box">padding</h5>  
36   <h5 class="box green-box">padding</h5>  
37 </div>  
38
```

The code editor is surrounded by buttons: "Run tests (ctrl + enter)", "Reset your code", "Get a hint", and "Ask for help on the forum". A success message at the bottom left of the page reads: "Your green-box class should give elements 20px of margin." On the right side, a visual representation of a box is shown with a yellow border labeled "margin", a red interior labeled "padding", and a green interior labeled "padding".

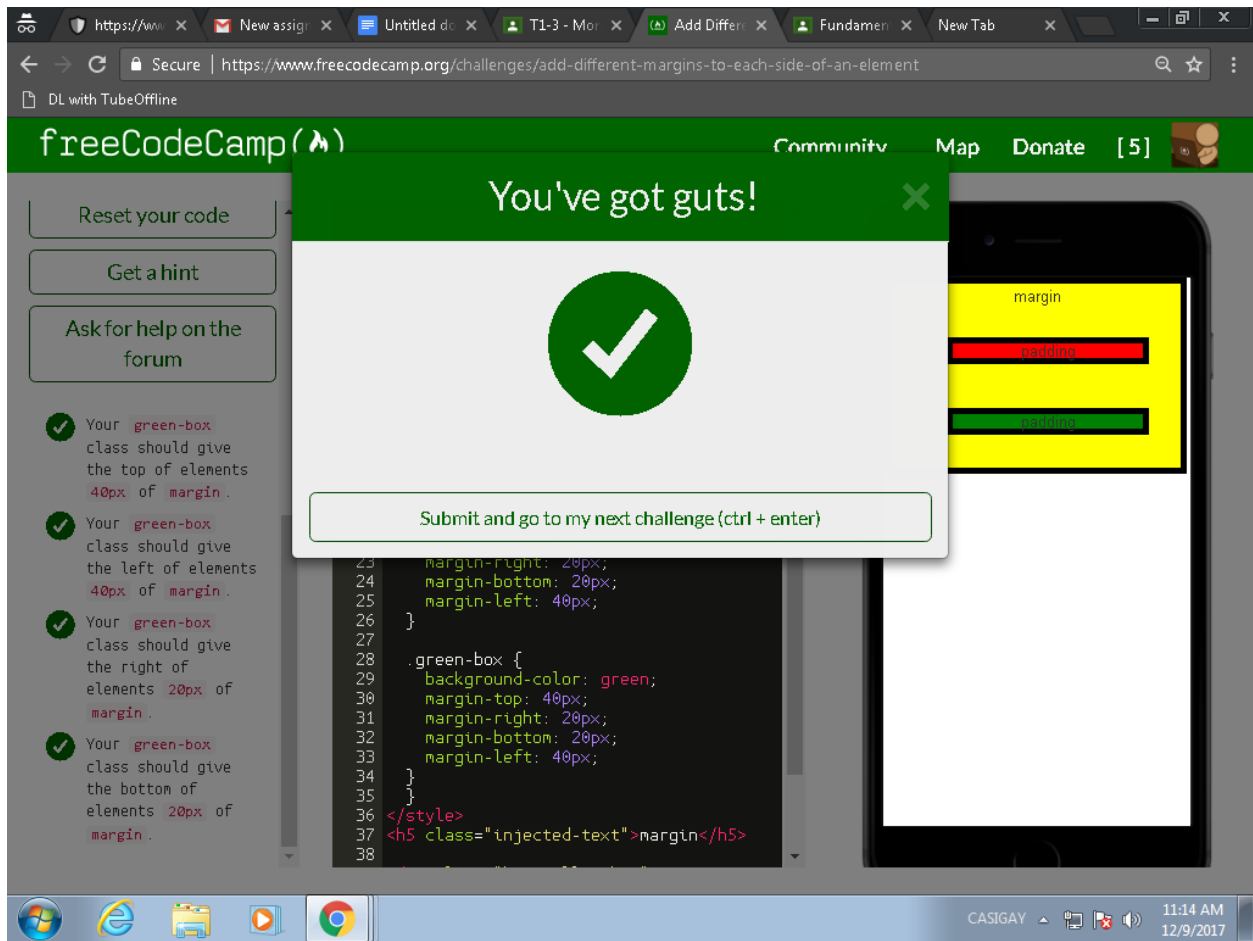
### 2. Add a Negative Margin to an Element



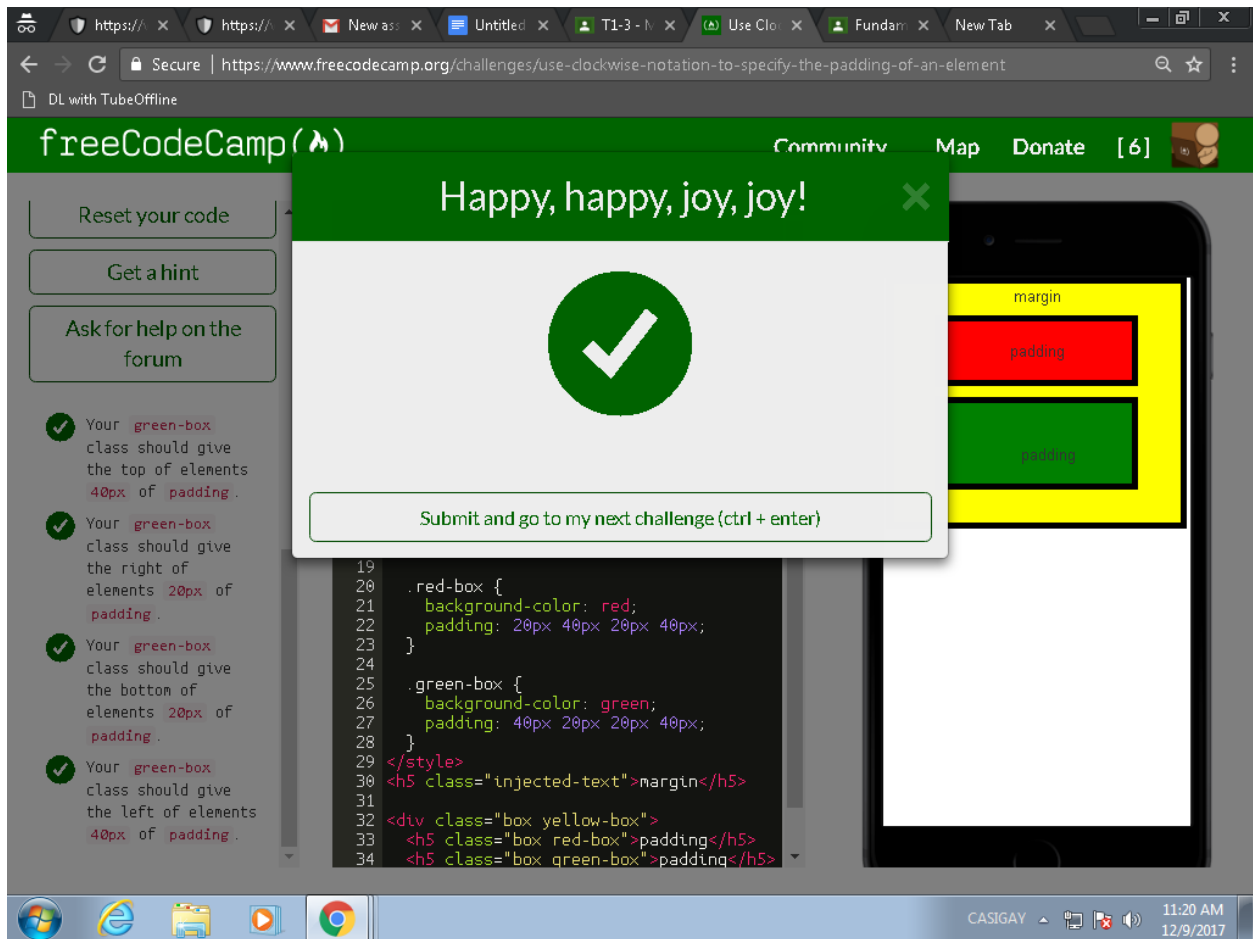
### 3. Add Different Padding to Each Side of an Element



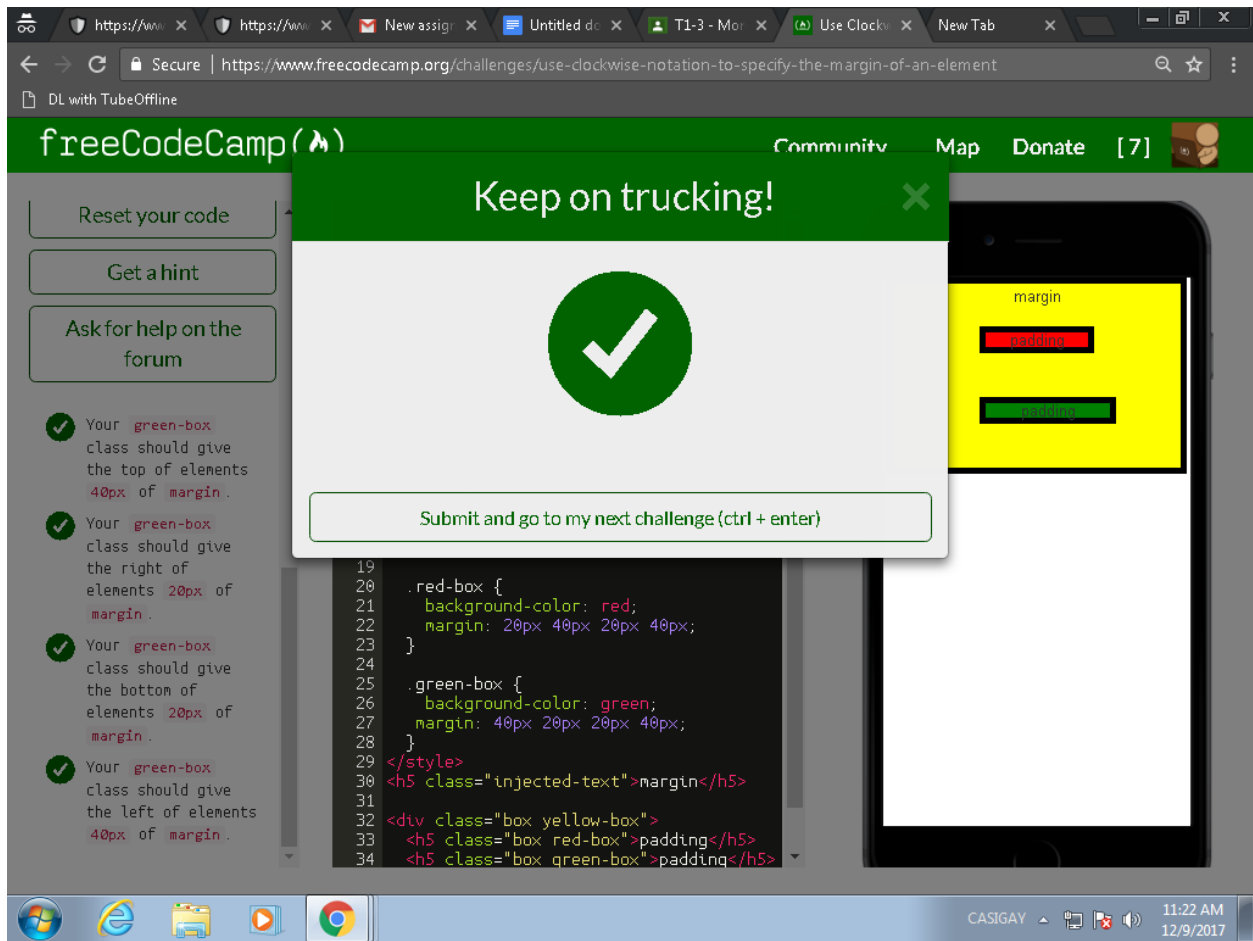
#### 4. Add Different Margins to Each Side of an Element



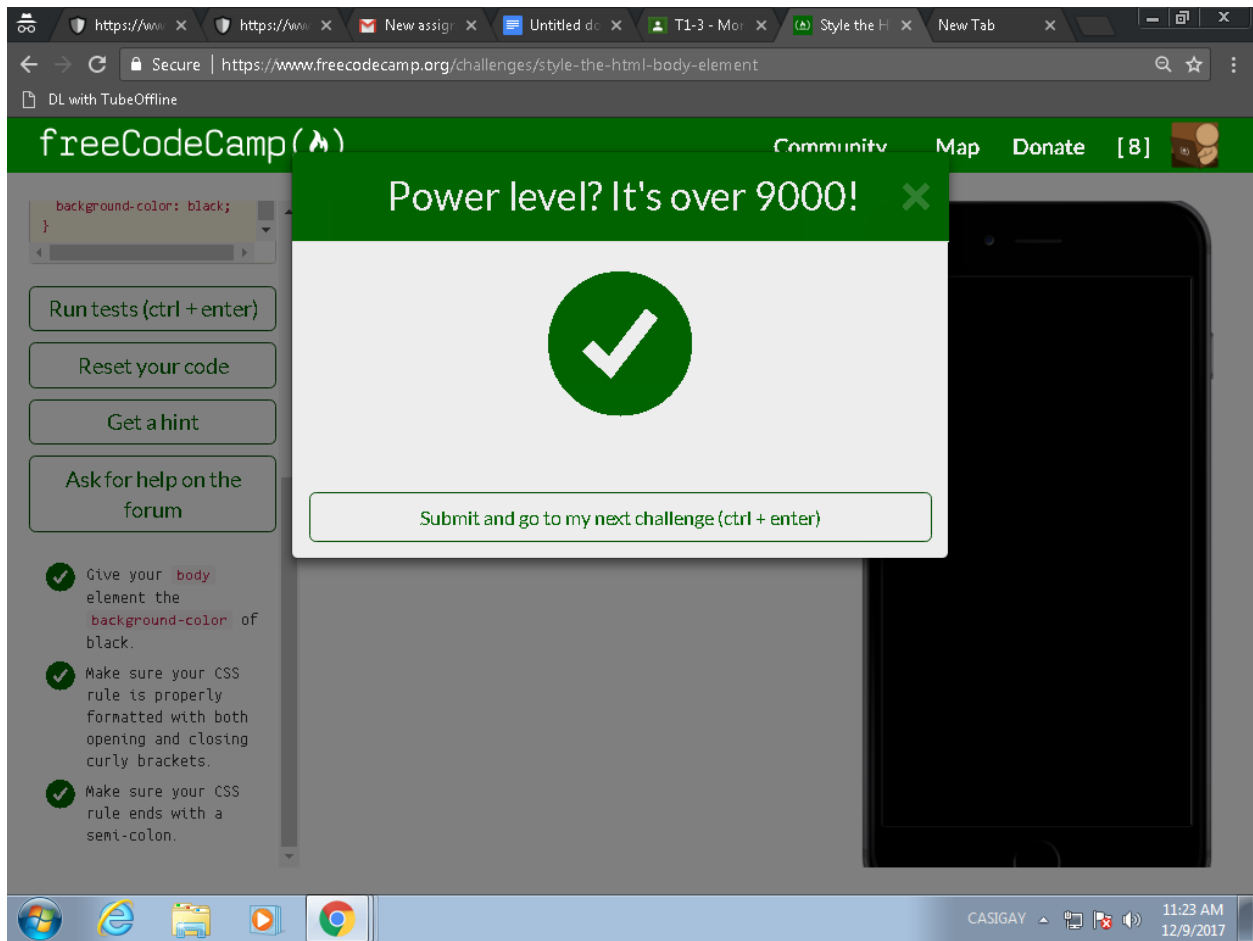
## 5. Use Clockwise Notation to Specify the Padding of an Element



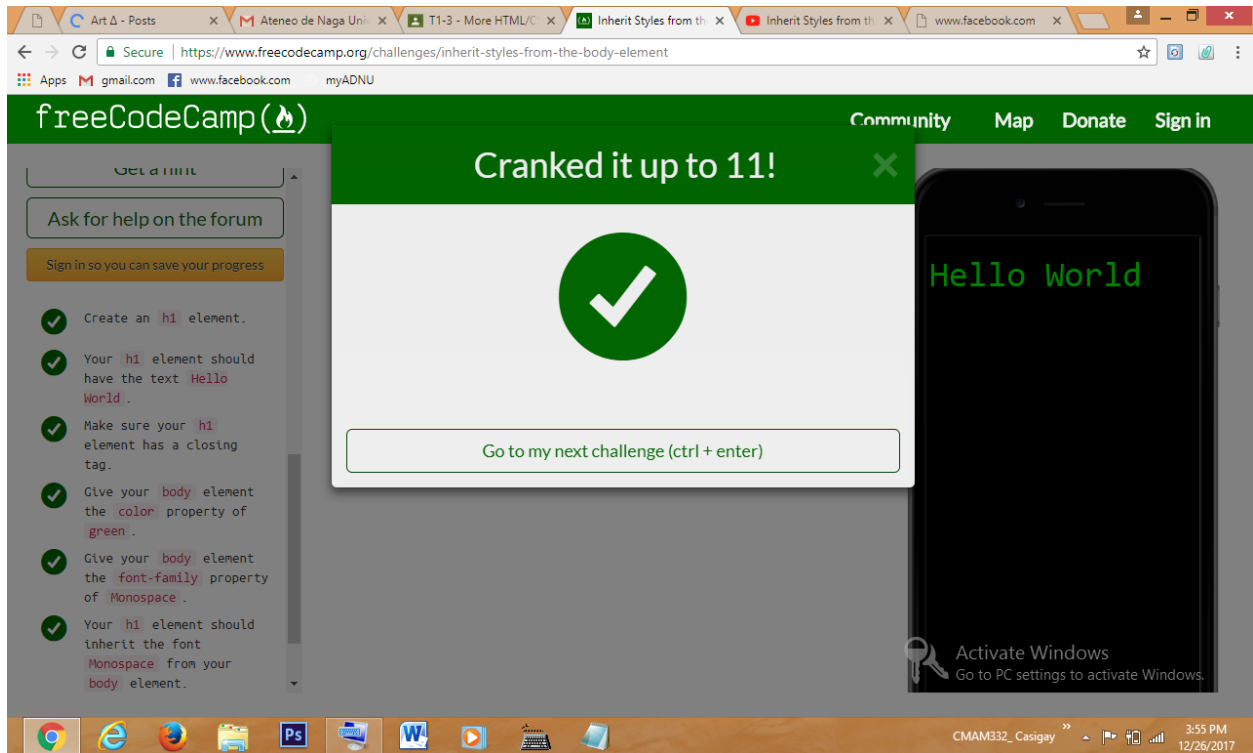
## 6. Use Clockwise Notation to Specify the Margin of an Element



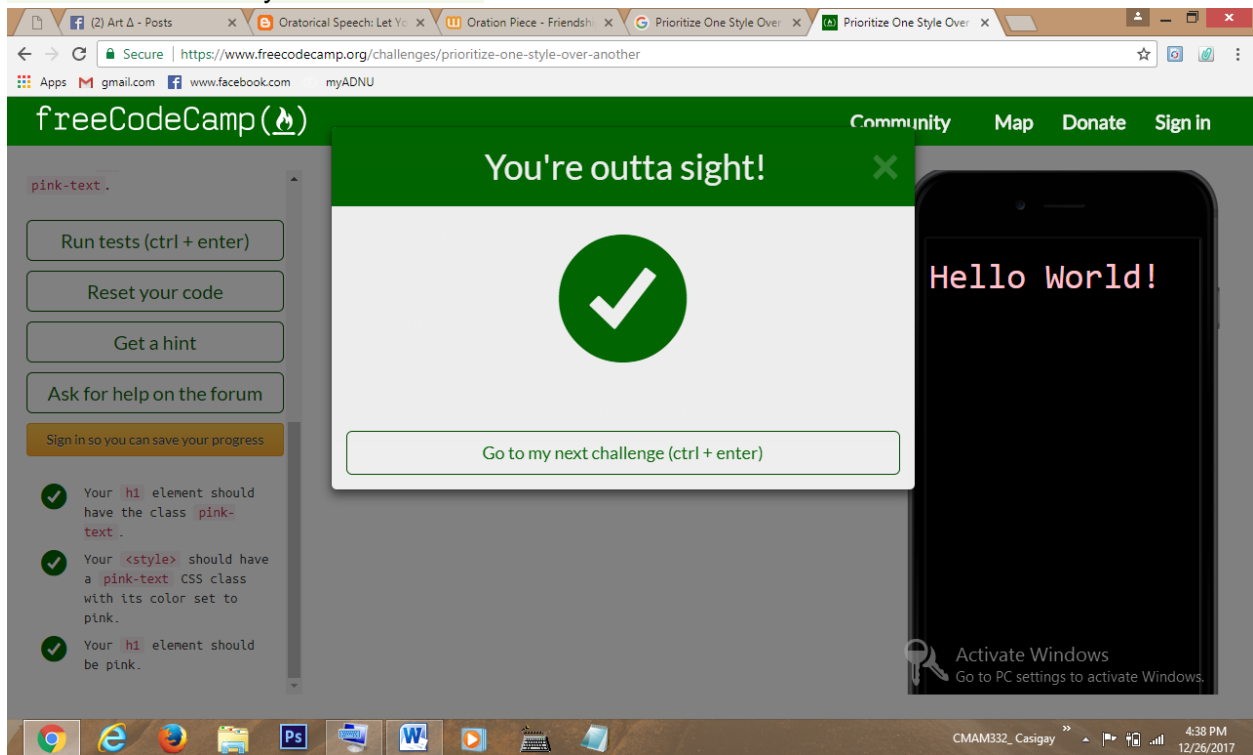
## 7. Style the HTML Body Element



## 8. Inherit Styles from the Body Element

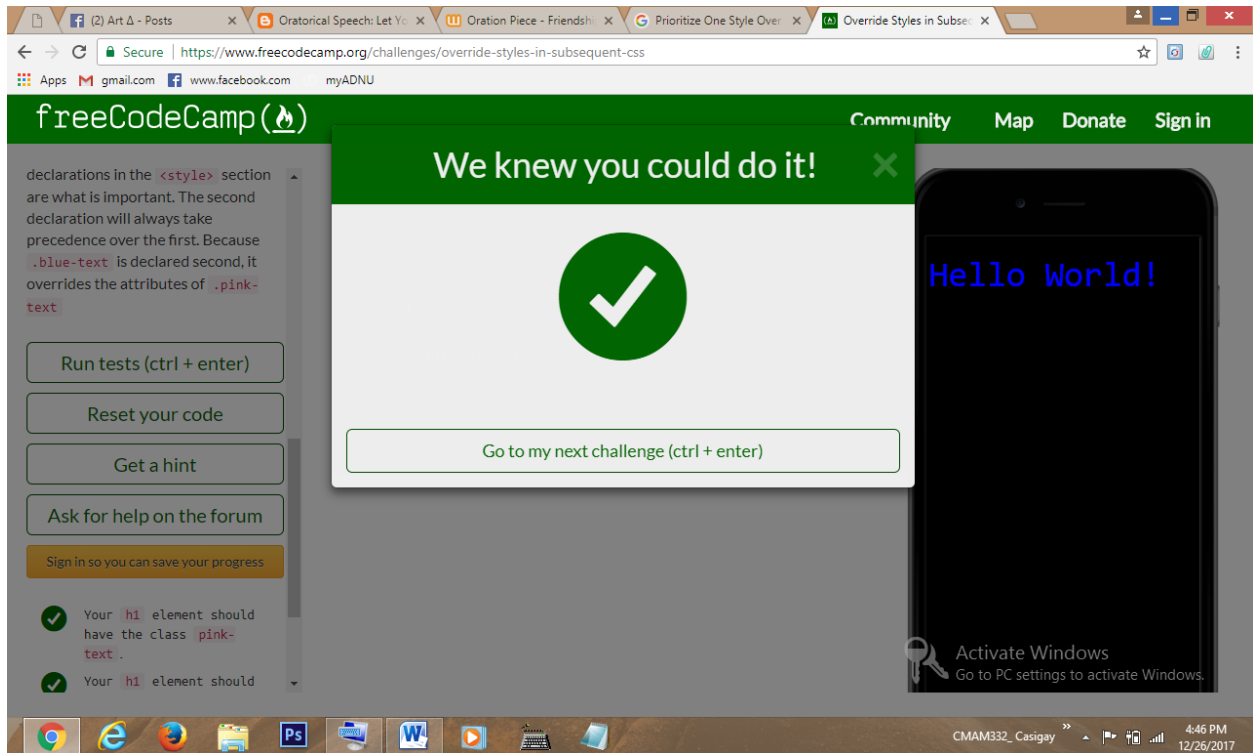


## 9 - Prioritize One Style Over Another

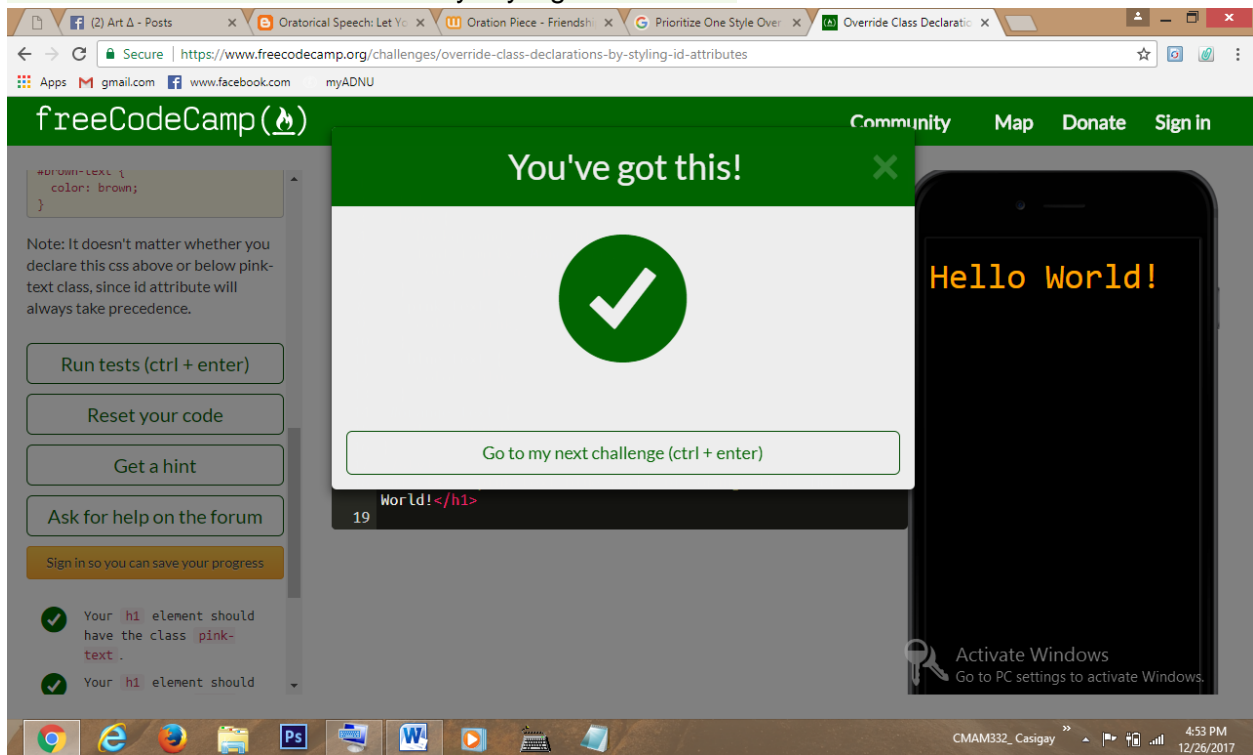


## 10 - Override Styles in Subsequent CSS

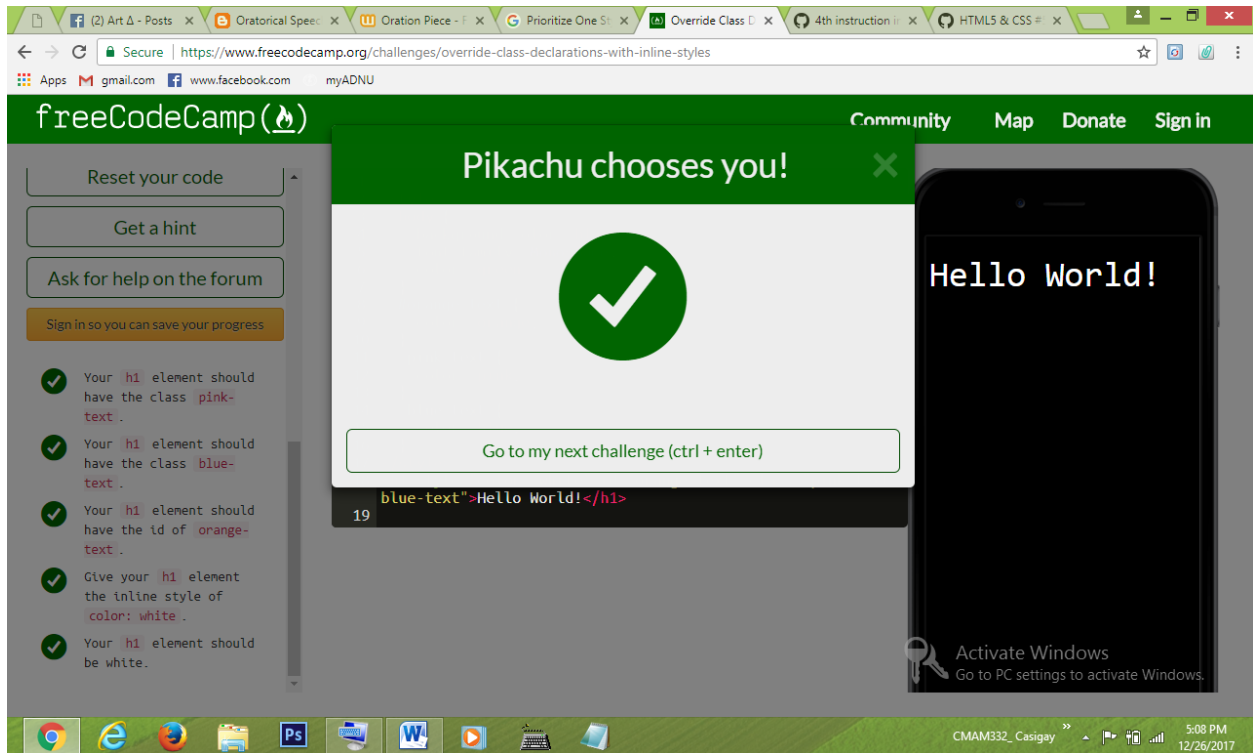




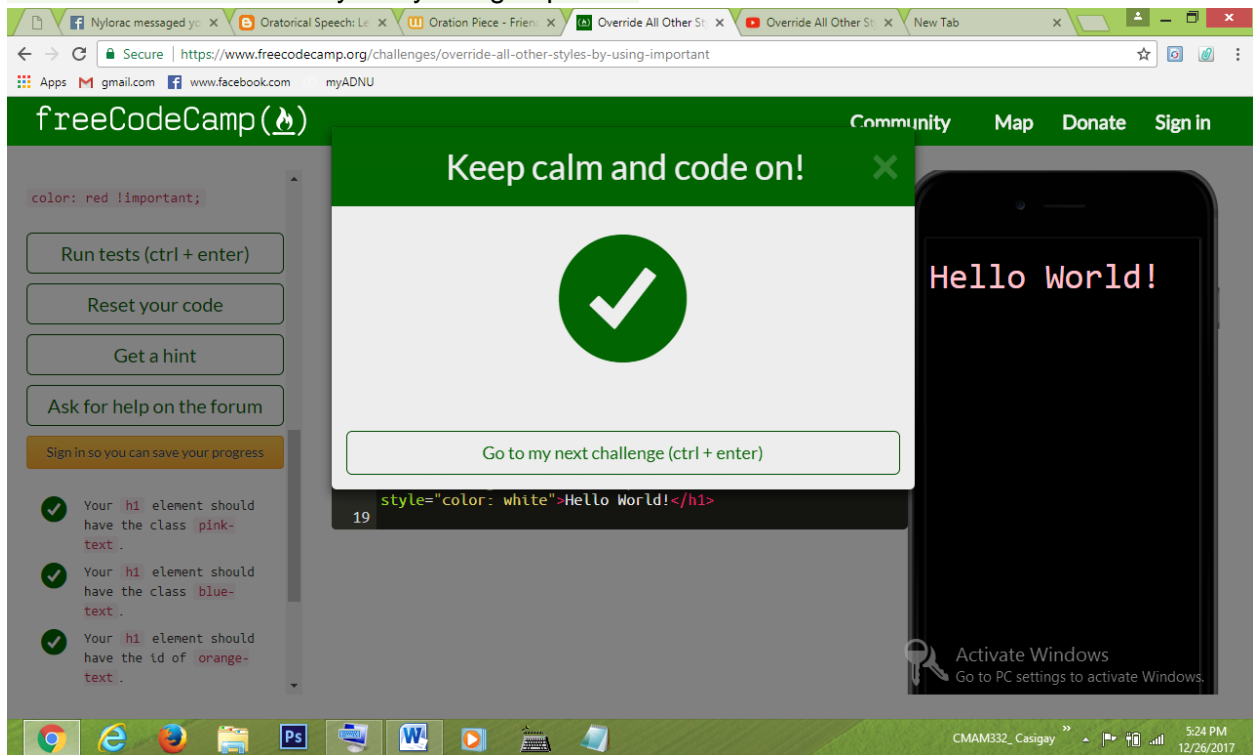
## 11 - Override Class Declarations by Styling ID Attributes



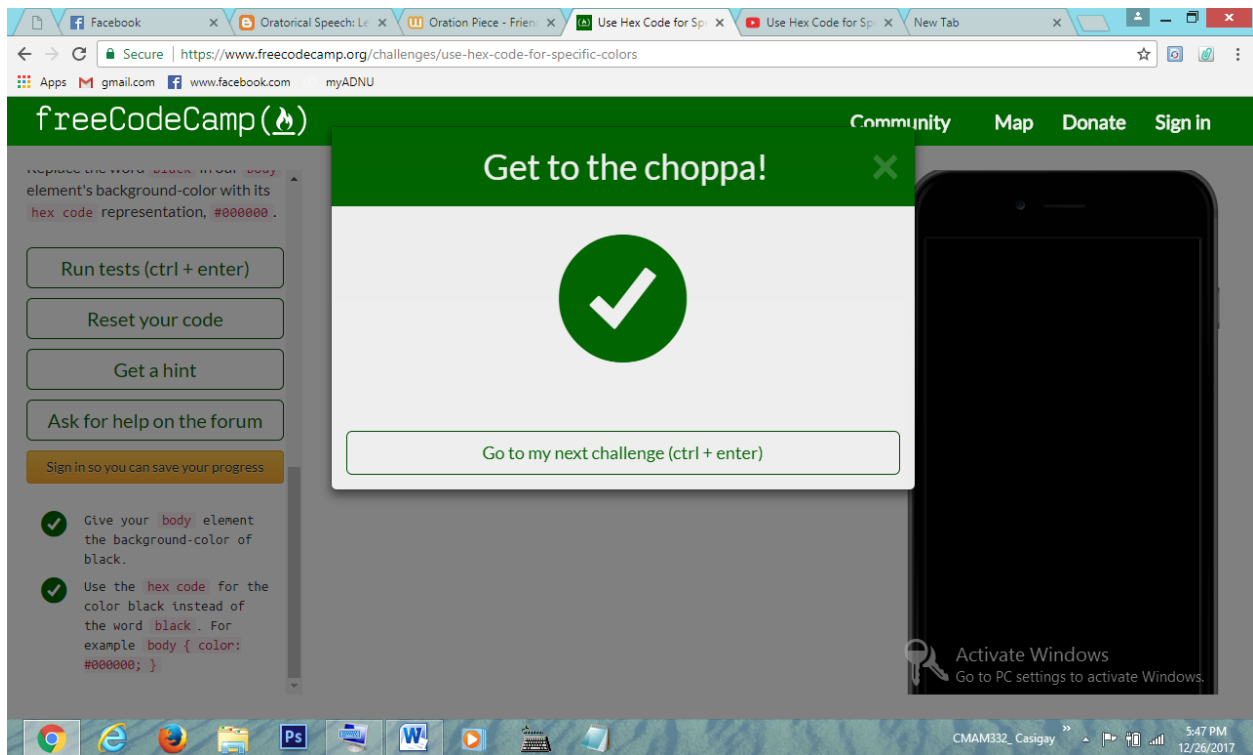
## 12 - Override Class Declarations with Inline Styles



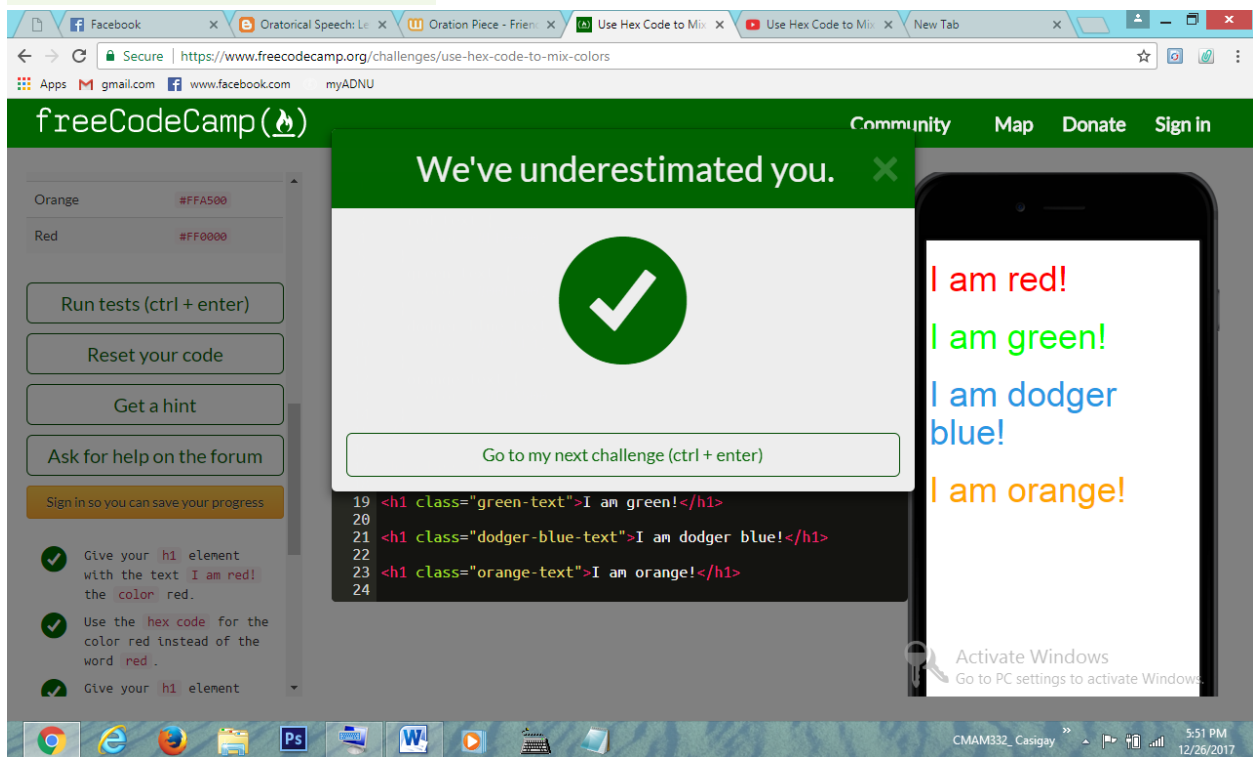
### 13 - Override All Other Styles by using Important



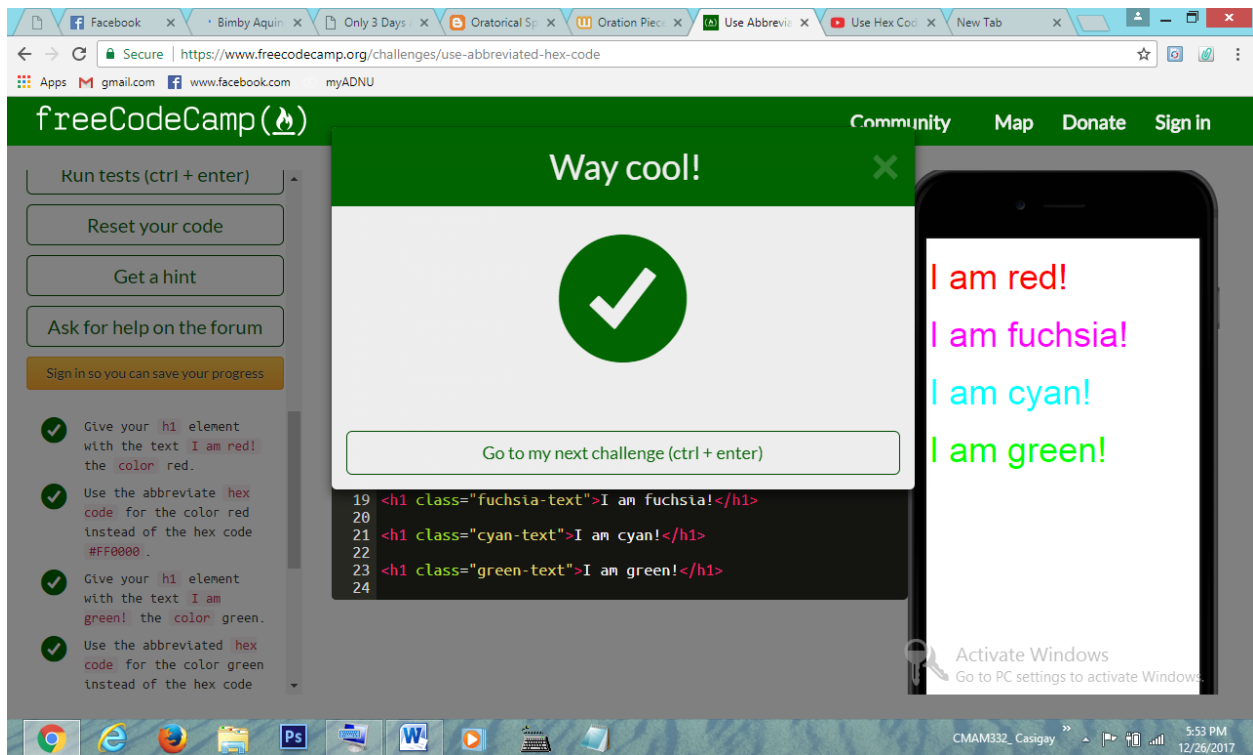
### 14 - Use Hex Code for Specific Colors



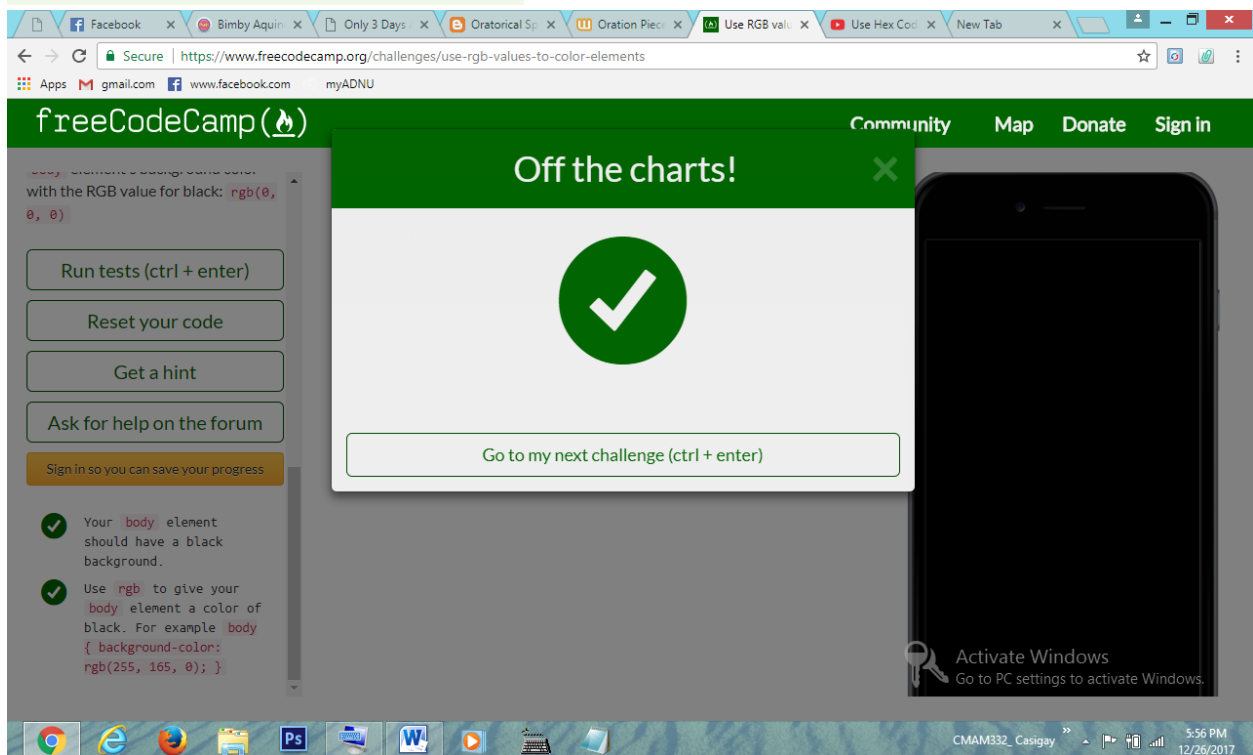
### 15 - Use Hex Code to Mix Colors



### 16 - Use Abbreviated Hex Code



## 17 - Use RGB values to Color Elements



## 18 - Use RGB to Mix Colors

